

Topic 2.3: MCQ Server Project – Part 4

The goal of this project is to set up a basic Python web server that serves multiple-choice questions to the user, scores those questions, and keeps the user's score.

This part of the project adds serving of the multiple-choice questions.

Goals for Part 4

The goals for this part of the project are to serve question routes:

- /question – serve a list of questions available on the server
- /question/# – serve a specific question number, where # is the integer question number.
- /question/random – serve one randomly-chosen question from those questions available on the server

Question File Format

Each question file is a static HTML page with a form that submits to the URL path /answer. The form includes a hidden `<input name="question" value="<number>">` to identify the question and a set of radio buttons named choice with values like A, B, C, D. When submitted, the browser sends a POST request with a URL-encoded body such as `question=1&choice=A`. Later server functionality will be added to parse this response and check if the answer is correct.

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4     <meta charset="UTF-8">
5     <title>Question 1</title>
6 </head>
7 <body>
8     <h1>Question 1</h1>
9     <p>What does HTTP stand for?</p>
10    <form action="/answer" method="post">
11        <input type="hidden" name="question" value="1">
12        <input type="radio" name="choice" value="A" id="a1">
13        <label for="a1"> HyperText Transfer Protocol</label><br>
14        <input type="radio" name="choice" value="B" id="b1">
15        <label for="b1"> High Tech Transfer Protocol</label><br>
16        <input type="radio" name="choice" value="C" id="c1">
17        <label for="c1"> Hyperlink Text Transfer Protocol</label><br>
18        <input type="radio" name="choice" value="D" id="d1">
19        <label for="d1"> High-rate Text Transfer Protocol</label><br>
20        <button type="submit">Submit</button>
21    </form>
22 </body>
23 </html>
```

Code Block: Example Question file: q1.html

Question files must be named a lowercase `q` followed by the question number, then `.html`. The question files must all live inside the `www/questions/` directory because the `questions.py` module scans this directory for files matching exactly that pattern.

New Functions for Serving Multiple-Choice Questions: `questions.py`

Add the new file `questions.py` to the project folder. Examine the code for the file. This code has a number of functions relating to serving multiple-choice questions.

Function `handle_question`

This is the only function that is meant to be called externally. It is called when the URL path starts with the prefix `/question` (or a different path if `config.QUESTION_ROUTE_PREFIX` is changed). This function calls one of the helper methods:

- `_list_page` – to send the client a page with the list of questions available
- `_random_redirect` – to send the client a random question to answer
- `_serve_question_file` – to send the client a particular question number that they have requested.

More explanation of these functions is given below.

Function `_serve_question_file`

The underscore prefix denotes that this function is intended as a private helper function used only within the file. This is the function searches in the `www/questions/` directory to find the question file of the corresponding question number. For example, if question 12 is requested, the function check for the file `www/questions/q12.html`, and if found, serves that file to the client.

Function `_get_question_numbers`

Another private helper function. This function searches the `www/questions/` directory for files starting with a lowercase `q` followed by the question number, ending with `.html`. It generates a list of question numbers that have corresponding question files available in the directory.

Function `_random_redirect`

This private helper function that is used when the client clicks on the link to get a random question. This function calls `_get_question_numbers` to get the list of question numbers available, randomly chooses one of those available question numbers, then uses the HTTP status code 302 to redirect the client to (tell the client to ask the server for) that question number.

Function `_list_page`

This private helper function that generates the HTML for a page displaying the list of questions available. The page also has links to choose a random question, for the home page, and to logout.

Upgrading the server

`questions.py`

Ensure the file `questions.py` is copied into the project root directory.

`www/questions/q1.html`

Create a `questions` directory within the `www` directory and copy the example question file, `q1.html`, into the directory. Later, add your own question files.

mcq-server.py

Add the few lines (lines 24-27, below) that will call the `handle_question` function from `questions.py` when a request is made to a path that is prefixed with `/questions`.

```
1 def do_GET(self):
2     print(f"--> Received GET {self.path}")
3     parsed = urlparse(self.path)
4     route_path = parsed.path
5     session.get_session(self)
6     # Public info route (no session or login required)
7     if route_path == config.INFO_ROUTE:
8         server_info.handle(self)
9         return
10    # Public login page
11    if route_path == config.LOGIN_ROUTE:
12        self.path = '/login.html' + ('?' + \
13            parsed.query if parsed.query else '')
14        static_handler.serve(self)
15        return
16    # Logout
17    if route_path == config.LOGOUT_ROUTE:
18        auth.handle_logout(self)
19        return
20    # All remaining routes require login
21    if not auth.is_logged_in(self):
22        auth.redirect_to_login(self)
23        return
24    # Question routes
25    if route_path.startswith(config.QUESTION_ROUTE_PREFIX):
26        questions.handle_question(self, route_path)
27        return
28    # Private route: serve static file from www/
29    static_handler.serve(self)
```

Code Block: Complete code for function `do_GET`